## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1. (Original) A cellulose acylate film, which comprises a cellulose acylate having a glucose unit of cellulose, wherein a hydroxyl group of the glucose unit is substituted by an acyl group having 2 or more carbon atoms,

wherein

DS2, DS3 and DS6 respectively representing degrees of substitution of the hydroxyl groups at 2, 3 and 6 positions of the glucose unit by the acyl group satisfy formulae (I) and (II); and

 $\mbox{Re}(\lambda) \mbox{ and } \mbox{Rth}(\lambda) \mbox{ defined by formulae (III) and (IV) satisfy formulae (V) and} \label{eq:Re}$  (VI):

(I) 
$$2.00 \le DS2 + DS3 + DS6 \le 3.00$$

(II) DS6 / (DS2 + DS3 + DS6) 
$$\geq$$
 0.315

(III) Re(
$$\lambda$$
) = (nx - ny) x d

(IV) Rth(
$$\lambda$$
) = {(nx + ny) / 2 - nz} x d

(V) 
$$46 \le \text{Re}(630) \le 200$$

(VI) 
$$70 \le \text{Rth}(630) \le 350$$

wherein Re( $\lambda$ ) represents a retardation value by nm in a film plane of the cellulose acylate film with respect to a light having a wavelength of  $\lambda$  nm;

Rth( $\lambda$ ) represents a retardation value by nm in a direction perpendicular to the film plane of the cellulose acylate film with respect to the light having the wavelength of  $\lambda$  nm;

nx is a refractive index in a slow axis direction in the film plane;
ny is a refractive index in a fast axis direction in the film plane;
nz is a refractive index in the direction perpendicular to the film plane; and d is a thickness of the cellulose acylate film.

- 2. (Original) The cellulose acylate film according to claim 1, wherein  $Rth(\lambda)$  satisfies formula (VII):
  - (VII)  $160 \le \text{Rth}(630) \le 350$
- 3. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the acyl group is an acetyl group.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1, which comprises a retardation-producing agent comprising one of a rod-like compound and a discotic compound.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 4 claim 1, which comprises at least one of a plasticizer, an ultraviolet ray absorbent and a peeling accelerator.

- 6. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 5 claim 1, which has a thickness of from 40 to 110 μm.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 6 claim 1, which has an additive amount of from 10 to 30% by weight, the additive amount being based on a weight of the cellulose acylate.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 7 claim 1, which has ΔRe of 12 nm or less and ΔRth of 32 nm or less, wherein ΔRe represents a difference between a Re value at 25 °C and 10% RH and another Re value at 25 °C and 80% RH, and

 $\Delta$ Rth represents a difference between a Rth value at 25 °C and 10% RH and another Rth value at 25 °C and 80% RH.

- 9. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 8 claim 1, which has an equilibrium moisture content at 25 °C and 80% RH of 3.4% or less.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 9 claim 1, which has a water vapor permeability of from 400 g/m²·24 hr to 2,300 g/m²·24 hr in terms of a film thickness of 80 μm, the water vapor permeability being measured at 60 °C and 95% RH for 24 hours.

- 11. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 10 claim 1, which undergoes change in weight of from 0 to 5% when allowed to stand for 48 hours under a condition of 80 °C and 90% RH.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 11 claim 1, which undergoes change in dimension of from -2 to 2% when allowed to stand for 24 hours each of a condition of 60 °C and 95% RH and another condition of 90 °C and 5% RH.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 12 claim 1, which has a glass transition temperature Tg of from 80 to 180 °C.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 13 claim 1, which has an elastic modulus of from 1,500 to 5,000 MPa.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 14 claim 1, which has a photoelasticity coefficient of 50 x  $10^{-13}$  cm<sup>2</sup>/dyne or less.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 14 claim 1, which has a haze of from 0.01 to 2%.

- 17. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 14 claim 1, which comprises a silicon dioxide particle having a secondary average particle size of from 0.2 to 1.5 µm.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 17 claim 1, wherein Re<sub>(630)</sub> and Rth<sub>(630)</sub> at 25 °C and 60% RH satisfy formulae (A) to (C):
  - (A)  $46 \le \text{Re}_{(630)} \le 100$
  - (B)  $Rth_{(630)} = a 5.9 Re_{(630)}$
  - (C)  $580 \le a \le 670$ .
- 19. (Currently Amended) The cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 18 claim 1, wherein Re and Rth measured at 25 °C and 60% RH with respect to different wavelengths satisfy formulae (D) and (E):
  - (D)  $0.90 \le Rth_{(450)}/Rth_{(550)} \le 1.10$  and  $0.90 \le Rth_{(650)}/Rth_{(550)} \le 1.10$
  - (E)  $0.90 \le Rth_{(450)}/Rth_{(550)} \le 1.10$  and  $0.90 \le Rth_{(650)}/Rth_{(550)} \le 1.10$
  - 20. (Currently Amended) A polarizing plate comprising: a polarizer; and
- a protective film comprising a cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 19 claim 1.
- 21. (Original) The polarizing plate according to claim 20, which satisfies at least one of formulae (a) to (d):

- (a)  $40.0 \le TT \le 45.0$
- (b)  $30.0 \le PT \le 40.0$
- (c)  $CT \le 2.0$
- (d)  $95.0 \le P$

wherein TT represents a single plate transmittance at 25 °C and 60%RH;

PT represents a parallel transmittance at 25 °C and 60%RH;

CT represents a cross transmittance at 25 °C and 60%RH; and

P represents a polarization degree at 25 °C and 60%RH.

- 22. (Currently Amended) The polarizing plate according to claim 20 or 21, which satisfies at least one of formulae (e) to (g):
  - (e)  $CT_{(380)} \le 2.0$
  - (f)  $CT_{(410)} \le 0.1$
  - (g)  $CT_{(700)} \le 0.5$

wherein  $CT(\lambda)$  represents a cross transmittance at the wavelength of  $\lambda$  nm.

- 23. (Currently Amended) The polarizing plate according to any one of claims 20 to 22 claim 20, which satisfies at least one of formulae (j) and (k):
  - (j)  $-6.0 \le \Delta CT \le 6.0$
  - (k)  $-10.0 \le \Delta P \le 0.0$

wherein  $\Delta$ CT and  $\Delta$ P represents a change in cross transmittance and polarization degree, respectively, in a test that the polarizing plate is allowed to stand at 60 °C and 95%RH for 500 hours; and the change means a value calculated by

subtracting a measurement value before the test from a measurement value after the test.

- 24. (Currently Amended) The polarizing plate according to any one of claims 20 to 23 claim 20, which comprises at least one of a hard coat layer, a glare-reducing layer and an antireflective layer.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The polarizing plate according to any one of claims 20 to 24 claim 20, which is packaged in a moisture-proofed bag, wherein the moisture-proofed bag has an internal humidity of from 43 to 70% RH at 25 °C.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The polarizing plate according to any one of claims 20 to 24 claim 20, which is packaged in a moisture-proofed bag, wherein the moisture-proofed bag has a first humidity within a range of ±15% RH with respect to a second humidity, when wherein the polarizing plate is superposed on a liquid crystal cell at the second humidity.
- 27. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal display comprising:

  a liquid crystal cell of OCB-mode or VA-mode; and

  at least one of a cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 19

  claim 1 and a polarizing plate according to any one of claims 20 to 26.
- 28. (Currently Amended) The liquid crystal display according to claim 27, wherein the liquid crystal cell is a liquid crystal cell of VA-mode, and

the liquid crystal cell contains only one cellulose acylate film according to any one of claims 1 to 19 or only one polarizing plate according to any one of claims 20 to 26.

29. (Original) The liquid crystal display according to claim 27, which comprises a backlight,

wherein the liquid crystal cell is a liquid crystal cell of VA-mode, and the at least one of the cellulose acylate film and the polarizing plate is between the liquid crystal cell and the backlight.